Plan Overview

A Data Management Plan created using DMPonline

Title: Reconstruction of Kings Weston Roman Villa, Bristol, UK.

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Template: University of Bristol Postgraduate Template

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Project abstract:

The creation of three-dimensional digital reconstructions of the Kings Weston Roman Villa, in Bristol, England.

This forms part of the PhD Research produced by Alexander T. R. Birkett https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1150-5464] entitled "Virtual Ruins, Real Insights: Establishing A Framework for three-dimensional Modelling in Archaeology".

The Roman Villa of Kings Weston [Monument Num. 198239] is centred at ST5339 7755 in the housing estate of Lawrence Weston, Bristol. This site was excavated in 1947 by George Boon during post-war housing developments.

ID: 137923

Start date: 19-06-2016

End date: 20-11-2023

Last modified: 13-11-2023

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Reconstruction of Kings Weston Roman Villa, Bristol, UK.

Project Summary

Provide a brief description of the project and the research being carried out. State if research is part of a larger project, department(s) and funders involved and where data fits in.

The creation of three-dimensional digital reconstructions of the sites of Kings Weston Roman Villa, in Bristol, England.

This forms part of the PhD Research produced by Alexander T. R. Birkett [https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1150-5464] entitled "Virtual Ruins, Real Insights: Establishing A Framework for three-dimensional Modelling in Archaeology".

This thesis aims to critically re-evaluate the state of Three-dimensional modelling within the field of archaeology by shifting the focus from physical fidelity to the rigour of interpretation. This is achieved with a focus on its pivotal role in documenting and reconstructing built structures, particularly domestic buildings, during and after excavation.

This is achieved through the application of three-dimensional recording techniques such as photogrammetry finite element analysis, lighting analysis, and methods for visually categorising levels of certainty. These are situated within a broader framework of methods to ensure ease of integration into the established processes of archaeological excavation.

The reconstruction of the Roman Villa of Kings Weston [Monument Num. 198239] is one of three case studies focusing on digitally reconstructing the archaeological remains. The Roman Villa of Kings Weston is centred at ST5339 7755 in the housing estate of Lawrence Weston, Bristol. This site was excavated in 1947 by George Boon during post-war housing developments.

Data Types

What types of data will be involved?

The data collected and produced will be the following:

- Geospatial survey data:
 - Total Station and/or GNSS GPS data.
 - UAV data.
 - Created geospatial data from plans.
- Vector Drawings:
 - $\circ\hspace{0.2cm}$ Plans and sections of buildings and trenches where applicable.
 - Harris Matrix for excavations where applicable.
 - Extended Harris Matrix for reconstructions.
- Raster Images:
 - Photographs from UAV surveys.
 - Photographs from terrestrial surveys.
 - Photographs of artefacts.
- Documents:
 - Reports from lighting analysis.
 - Reports form photogrammetry surveys.
 - Reports from structural analysis.
 - Reports from terrestrial and aerial surveys.
 - Reports of reconstruction paradata
- Tabular data:
 - Database of site data.
 - Results from structural analysis.
 - Results from lighting analysis.
 - Calibration data for Photogrammetry.
 - Metadata for files.
 - File tree data for project folder.
- Three-Dimensional Reconstructions and Records
 - Three-dimensional model files.
 - Texture files for three-dimensional models.

What file formats will be used?

Data will be stored, recorded, and organised according to the best practices outlined by the Archaeology Data Service (ADS) for the storage and archiving of digital data, including raster and vector data, geophysical data, geospatial data, three-dimensional data, and alpha-numeric documentary data.

Data Type	Archival File Types
Alpha-numerical data	Plain Text (.txt) Delineated Text (.csv)
Documentary data that may consist of just text, or text and pictures.	Plain Text (.txt) Portable Document Format (.pdf/A)
Raster imagery data	Tag Image File Format (.tiff) Portable Network Graphics(.png) Adobe Digital Negative(.dng)
Vector imagery data	Scalable Vector Graphics (.svg) Portable Document Format (.pdf/A) Drawing Exchange Format (.dxf) Graph Modelling Language (.xgml)
Geodatabase	Shapefiles (.shp) [this is accompanied by up to eleven reference files that are equally archival] Delineated Text (.csv) GeoTIFF (.tiff)
Three-Dimensional models (Records or Reconstructions)	Wavefront (.obj) Stereolithography (.stl)
Code	R Code (.R)
Compressed Files	.zip
Metadata & Paradata	Delineated Text (.csv) Plain Text (.txt) Portable Document Format (.pdf/A)

What will be the size of the files?

Data Type	Estimated File Size (Uncompressed)
Alpha-numerical data	< 01 GB
Documentary data that may consist of just text, or text and pictures.	< 01 GB
Raster imagery data	< 40 GB
Vector imagery data	< 05 GB
Geodatabase	< 05 GB
Three-Dimensional models (Records or Reconstructions)	< 40 GB
Metadata & Paradata	< 01 GB
Total (Uncompressed)	< 90 GB
Total (Compressed)	~ 54 GB

Data Storage and Preservation

How will the data be stored and kept safe?

Data prior to processing will be stored on University of Bristol SharePoint servers with two off-site backup of all data.

Once archived all data will be stored in The University of Bristol Research Data Storage Facility (RDSF), which provides secure, long-term storage for research data. This major investment provides nightly backup of all data, with further resilience provided by three geographically distinct storage locations. A tape library is used for backup purposes and also for long-term, offline data storage. Only authorised users can access data stored within the RDSF. The RDSF is managed by Bristol's Advanced Computing Research Centre (ACRC) which has a dedicated steering group and a rigorous data storage policy (https://www.acrc.bris.ac.uk/acrc/RDSF_policy.pdf). The RDSF upholds and reinforces Bristol's wider Information Security Policy(www.bris.ac.uk/infosec/policies/docs/isp-01.pdf).

Data Organisation

How will data be organised?

Primary Folder - Level One	Level Two	Level Three	Level Four	Level Five	II EVELSIY	Contents description
3D						Three- Dimesnional Models
	PROJECT FOLDER					The top-level folder containing all the files relating to a threedimensional reconstruction model.
		EXPORTED MODELS				Three- dimensional model assets produced for the reconstruction.

LANDSCAPE	The reconstructed landscape surrounding the model which
LANDSCAPE	landscape surrounding the model which
LANDSCAPE	surrounding the model which
LANDSCAPE	model which
LANDSCAPE	
	had previously
	not been able to
	be
	reconstructed.
	The Phase
PHASE01	reconstructed.
	The folder
	containing all
COMPONENTS	non-
est site in the site is a site in the site in the site is a site in the site is a site in the site in the site is a site in the site in the site is a site in the site in the site in the site is a site in the	reconstruction
	related meshes.
	Structural
	meshes named
DUACES CERUCTURE	with their BIM
PHASE01_STRUCTURE	name and
	Extended Matrix
	name
STRUCTURE_STRUCTURAL AREA	
REINFORCEMENT_AREAREIN	
STRUCTURE_STRUCTURAL BEAM	
SYSTEMS_STRUCTURALFRAMINGSYSTEM	<u> </u>
STRUCTURE_STRUCTURAL	
COLUMNS_STRUCTURALCOLUMNS	
STRUCTURE_STRUCTURAL	
CONNECTIONS_STRUCTCONNECTIONS	
STRUCTURE_STRUCTURAL FABRIC	
REINFORCEMENT_FABRICREINFORCEMENT	
STRUCTURE STRUCTURAL	
FOUNDATIONS STRUCTURALFOUNDATION	
STRUCTURE STRUCTURAL	
FRAMING STRUCTURALFRAMING	
STRUCTURE STRUCTURAL PATH	+
REINFORCEMENT_PATHREIN	
STRUCTURE_STRUCTURAL REBAR_REBAR	_
	+
STRUCTURE_STRUCTURAL CTIEFENEDS CTRUCTURAL CTIEFENED	
STIFFENERS_STRUCTURALSTIFFENER	
STRUCTURE_STRUCTURAL TRUESES	
TRUSSES_STRUCTURALTRUSS	A contribution of contribution
	Architectural
DUACEOL ADCULTECTURE	meshes with
PHASE01_ARCHITECTURE	their BIM name and Extended
	Matrix name
ARCHITECTURE_CASEWORK_CASEWORK	Macrix Harric
ARCHITECTURE_CEILINGS	
ARCHITECTURE_COLUMNS_COLUMNS	
ARCHITECTURE_DOORS_DOORS	
ARCHITECTURE_FASCIAS_FASCIA	
ARCHITECTURE_FLOORS_FLOORS	
ARCHITECTURE FURNITURE	
ARCHITECTURE GUTTERS GUTTER	+
ARCHITECTURE LANDING STAIRSLANDINGS	+
ARCHITECTURE LANDING STAIRSLANDINGS ARCHITECTURE RAILINGS RAILING	+
	+
ARCHITECTURE_RAILINGS_STAIRSRAILING	+
ARCHITECTURE_RAILINGS RAILINGS	<u> </u>
ARCHITECTURE_RAMPS_RAMPS	
ARCHITECTURE_ROADS_ROADS	
ARCHITECTURE_ROOF SOFFITS_ROOFSOFFIT	
ARCHITECTURE ROOFS ROOFS	
ARCHITECTURE ROOMS ROOMS	1
ARCHITECTURE STAIRS STAIRSRUNS	1
ARCHITECTURE STAIRS STAIRS ARCHITECTURE STAIRS STAIRS	+
	+
ARCHITECTURE_SUPPORT_STAIRSSUPPORTS	+
ARCHITECTURE_SUPPORTS_RAILINGSUPPORT	
ARCHITECTURE_TERMINATIONS_RAILINGTERMINATIO	1
ARCHITECTURE_WALL SWEEPS_CORNICES	<u> </u>
ARCHITECTURE_WALLS_WALLS	
ARCHITECTURE WINDOWS WINDOWS	
OTHER PIPE ACCESSORIES PIPEACCESSORY	1
	+
INTHED DIDE EITTINGS DIDEFITTING	+
OTHER_PIPE FITTINGS_PIPEFITTING OTHER_PIPE DIDE INSULATIONS DIDENSILLATIONS	1
OTHER_PIPE INSULATIONS_PIPEINSULATIONS	
OTHER_PIPE INSULATIONS_PIPEINSULATIONS OTHER_PIPES_PIPES	
OTHER_PIPE INSULATIONS_PIPEINSULATIONS	

1			1	T	Imago filos usod
	MATERIAL LIBRARIES				Image files used for materials and textures of
					meshes within 3Ds Max.
					The output
	RENDER OUTPUT				location for all rendered images.
					A folder to store
	RENDER				preset settings
	PRESETS				for render engines within
					3Ds Max.
					Additional
	SCENE				assets used for refrence or
	ASSETS				help.
					Image files used
					specifically for
		IMAGES			rendering or to aid in the
					alignment of
					cameras for rendering.
					Animations
					stored as single
			ANIMATIONS		frames
			ANIMATIONS		produced from the
					reconstruction
					model.
					Images of rendered
			IMAGES		scenes of the
					reconstruction model.
					The top-level
					folder
STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS STUDY					containing all the files relating
FOLDER					to a three-
					dimensional
					model. Old assemblies
					and part files
	ARCHIVES				that are no
					longer used or referenced in
					any studies.
					Within Autodesk
	ALITODACK				3Ds Max, scene files are auto-
	AUTOBACK				saved to this
					location.
					Parts and assemblies that
					are to be
	EXPORT				exported back into the
					Technical Model
					reconstruction.
					Models to be imported into
					inventor after
					changes or adaptations to
	IMPORT				the structure
					has been made
					in response to structural
<u> </u>					analysis.
					The parts used
	PARTS				to create the assemblies.
 		-			The assemblies
	ASSEMBLIES				and studies saves.
					Results stored
	REPORTS				as .csv files and
L					images.

				Three- dimensional representations
RECORDS				of archaeological
				data comprising of vectors, points, and
				meshes. Three-
				dimensional representations
	POINT-CLOUDS			of archaeological
				data as point clouds.
				Three- dimensional
	MODELS			representations of
				archaeological data as meshed models.
				Control points used to
				georefrence and align three-
	CONTROL POINTS			dimensional representations of
				archaeological data.
				Calibarations used to align
				photgraphs for three-
	CALIBRATIONS			dimensional representations of
				archaeological data.
DATA				Geodata
DATABASE				Structured
				records of archaeological
				data often stored as
SURVEY				tabular data contained within discrete
				files or
				organised within databases,
				geodatabases. Data usually
	DATA			imported as tables from
				Point, line, and polygon data
				relating to or gathered from
				excavations. This will
	EXCAVATION			typically not include features
				such as masonry walls
				or building/room points as these
				are also produced out of
				the trench. Point, line, and
				polygon data relating to the
	GEOGRAPHY			local geography including place names, building
				outlines (unless surveyed),
				rivers and roads.
				ı UduS.

	GEOLOGY		r C S f	Point, line, and bolygon data relating to underlying geology, geological eatures. This does also nclude soil data.
	SURVEY_PROCESSED		r f f t s c c	Point, line, and polygon data representing masonry features, building surveys, drawing ocations and any measured or measurable data that is created that does not fit in the above categories.
	SURVEY_RAW		t c c f i	Point, line, and polygon data representing the working datasets directly output from survey naturents. The processed data can be considered the master' copy used for analysis.
	GRIDS		ļ	Point and polygon data relating to the site grid.
	DOCUMENTS			Reports
	FIELDWORK RECORDS		I t c	rormalised ongform extual content or primary extural records relating to archaeological data either of digital origin or digitised from ohysical ecords.
DRAWINGS			7	Technical Drawings
ARTEFACT ILLUSTRATIONS				Ţ
CAD			i c	Raster or vector data files conveying visual nformation of archaeological data as technical or llustrative representations.
PHOTOGRAPHY				JAV
SITE PHOTOS			r c	Raster data records or archaeological data.
PHOTOGRAMMETRY			r a c	Raster data records or archaeological data.
ARTEFACTS			r	Raster data records or archaeological data.

Data Documentation and Description

What documentation will you keep?

Data will be stored, recorded, and organised according to the best practices outlined by the Archaeology Data Service (ADS) for the storage and archiving of digital data, including raster and vector data, geophysical data, geospatial data, three-dimensional data, and alpha-numeric documentary data.

Project Level Metadata

Human Name	Metadata Name	General Description
Project Title	PROJECT_TITLE	The title (and any alternatives such as site codes) for the dataset.
Description	PROJECT_DESCRIPTION	A brief summary of the main aims and objectives of the research project from which the data collection arose together with a brief summary description of the content of the dataset.
Subject	PROJECT_SUBJECT	Keywords for the subject content of the dataset (qualified using controlled terms such as those supplied by the Forum on Information Standards in Heritage (FISH))

		This is both
		spatial and
		temporal
		coverage. For
		spatial coverage
		it should include
		the current and
		contemporary
		name(s) of the
		country, region,
		county, town or
		village covered by the data
		collection and,
		where possible, a
		standardised
		reference should
		be used. If names
		or administrative
		units were
		different during
		the time period
		covered by the
		data they should
		be recorded
		separately. Site
		coordinates can also be entered
		as a National grid
		reference in a
		number of
		different ways
		e.g., as a point
Coverage	PROJECT_COVERAGE	(useful to
Coverage		describe a small
		project area via a
		central
		coordinate); as a
		line (e.g., at least
		two coordinates
		to represent the linear limits of the
		site); as a
		polygon (for a
		more complex
		site area, three or
		more coordinates
		are used to
		describe the
		boundaries). If
		applicable, the
		full postal code
		for the site can be included. For
		temporal
		coverage it
		should include
		the dates/period
		covered by the
		dataset (using
		existing thesauri
		where possible
		such as the
		Forum on
		Information Standards in
		Heritage (FISH) Period List).
Projection	DDOIECT DCS	Projected
System	PROJECT_PCS	Coordinate System used.
		Geographic
Coordinate	PROJECT_GCS	Coordinate
System		System used.
		_,5.0 a5ca.

Creators	PROJECT_ CREATORS	Details of the creator(s), compiler(s), funding agencies, or other bodies or people intellectually responsible for the data collection. Information should include forename, surname, affiliation, address, phone, fax, email, or URL.
Publisher	PROJECT_PUBLISHER	Details about any organisation which has published this data.
Contributors	PROJECT_CONTRIBUTORS	Other individuals or organisations who have contributed to the resource.
Identifiers	PROJECT_PROJECTID	Project or reference numbers or site codes used to identify the dataset.
Dates	PROJECT_DATES	Dates indicating when the dataset was created, when the archaeological project was carried out, processing dates, or computerisation dates as
Copyright	PROJECT_COPYRIGHT	appropriate. The name of the copyright holder for the dataset. If the collection was created during work by an employee, the copyright holder will normally be the employer. If the material is covered by a specific copyright (e.g., Crown copyright) please indicate this.

Relations	PROJECT_RELATIONS	If the data collection was derived in whole or in part from published or unpublished sources, whether printed or machine-readable, this element should include references to the original material, details of where the sources are held and how they are identified there (e.g., by accession number). If the collection is derived from other sources include an indication of whether the data represents a complete or partial transcription/copy and the methodology used for its digitisation. Also include full references to any publications about or based upon the data collection.
Language	PROJECT_LANGUAGE	Indication of which language(s) the dataset is in (e.g., English, French, Spanish).
Resource Type	PROJECT_TYPE	Whether the dataset is best described as primary data, processed data, an interpretation of data, or a final report.
Format	PROJECT_FORMAT	The formats the data within the project is saved in (e.g., WordPerfect 5.1, HTML, AutoCAD).

General File Level Metadata.

Human Name	Metadata Name	General Description
File Name	FILE_NAME	The name of the file e.g., report.doc
File Format	FILE_FORMAT	The file format e.g., PDF/A or Open Office Document
File Location	FILE_LOCATION	The file path i.e. directory and filename e.g., /adsdata/cottam_ba/jpg/fwking_plan.jpg
Software Name	FILE_SOFTWARE	The software used to create the file e.g., Microsoft Word 2007
Hardware used	FILE_HARDWARE	The hardware used to create the file, this is more significant when files are created directly by survey equipment such as laser scanners or GPS devices.
Operating System Used	FILE_OPSYS	The operating system under which the file was made e.g., Windows XP or Mac OS X 10.5.
Date of Creation	FILE_CREATED	When the file was made.
Date of Last Update	FILE_UPDATED	When the file was updated.
Linked Files	FILE_LINKED	This element should be used to highlight relationships between files.
Identifiers	This element should be used to FILE_IDENTIFIER highlight whether a file is a source f or derived from another.	
Creator	FILE_CREATORS	The file path i.e. directory and filename e.g., /adsdata/cottam_ba/jpg/fwking_plan.jpg.
Copyright	FILE_COPYRIGHT	Details of copyright or other rights and holder details.

Raster & Vector File Metadata.

Human Name	Metadata Name	General Description				
ivaille						
Title	FILE_TITLE	The title of the image or a suitable caption.				
Description	FILE_DESCRIPTION	image.				
Coverage	FILE_COVERAGE	Site location and description. The address, or coordinates for the subject and a description of the subject. Coverage should also include any relevant period terms.				
Projection System	FILE_PCS	Projected Coordinate System used.				
Coordinate System	FILE_GCS	Geographic Coordinate System used.				
Keywords	file_Keywords	Keywords e.g., period, site or feature terms. Use suitable thesauri where they exist.				
File Format and Version	FILE_VERSION	e.g., TIFF 6.0.				
File Size	FILE_SIZE	Size of the file in bytes.				
Resolution	FILE_RESOLUTION	resolution of the image measured in pixels per inch (ppi).				
Dimensions	FILE_DIMENSIONS	Dimensions of the image in pixels e.g., 400 x 700px.				
Colour Space	FILE_COLOUR	The colour space used in the image e.g., RGB or grayscale.				
Bit Depth	FILE_BITDEPTH	e.g., 24bit or 8bit.				

Three-Dimensional Record File Level Metadata.

Human	Makadaka Na	General
Name	Metadata Name	Description
		Keywords for the subject content of the
		dataset (qualified using
Subject	FILE_SUBJECT	e.g., the English Heritage NMR
		Monument Type
		Thesaurus or the MDA Object
		Type Thesaurus.
		The originally intended
Intended accuracy	FILE_Accuracy	accuracy or scale that the
accuracy		survey was to achieve.
		Site location
		and description. The address, or
		coordinates for the subject and
Coverage	FILE_COVERAGE	a description of the subject.
-	_	Coverage
		should also include any
		relevant period terms.
Projection	FILE PCS	Projected Coordinate
System	FILE_PC3	System used.
Coordinate	FILE GCS	Geographic Coordinate
System	_	System used. Keywords e.g.
		period, site or
Keywords	FILE_Keywords	feature terms. Use suitable
		thesauri where they exist.
		Dates indicating when the
		dataset was created, when
		the
Dates	FILE_DATES	archaeological project was
		carried out, processing
		dates, or computerisation
		dates as appropriate.
		Project or
Identifiers	FILE PROJECTID	reference numbers or site
identiners	TILL_FROJECTIO	codes used to identify the
		dataset.
		The resolution of the image
Resolution	FILE_RESOLUTION	pixels per inch
		(ppi). Dimensions of
Dimensions	FILE_DIMENSIONS	the image in
		pixels e.g., 400 x 700px.
Colour		The colour space used in
Colour Space	FILE_COLOUR	the image e.g., RGB or
		grayscale.
Bit Depth	FILE_BITDEPTH	e.g., 24bit or 8bit.

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Human Name	Metadata Name	General Description				
Coordinates	CONTL_X,	List the three- dimensional coordinates for each control point.				
Covariance	CONTL_CX, CONTL_CY, CONTL_CZ	Provide full correlation if available (from survey adjustment or GPS baseline solution), otherwise provide estimated standard deviation or variance of each coordinate.				
Location	CONTL_Location	Textual description of location.				
Dates	FILE_DATES	Dates indicating when the dataset was created, when the archaeological project was carried out, processing dates, or computerisation dates as appropriate.				
Identifiers	FILE_PROJECTID	Project or reference numbers or site codes used to identify the dataset.				
Coverage	FILE_COVERAGE	Site location and description. The address, or coordinates for the subject and a description of the subject. Coverage should also include any relevant period terms.				
Projection System	FILE_PCS	Projected Coordinate System used.				
Coordinate System	FILE_GCS	Geographic Coordinate System used.				

Geographical Information System File Metadata.

Human	Metadata Name	General
Name		Description
C I -	FUE COALE	Scale/resolution
Scale	FILE_SCALE	of data capture,
		e.g., 1:1250 Method of
		original data
Method	FILE_Method	capture, e.g.,
		Total Station
		Survey, etc.
		Dates indicating
		when the
		dataset was
		created, when the
		archaeological
Dates	FILE_DATES	project was
	_	carried out,
		processing
		dates, or
		computerisation
		dates as
		appropriate. Project or
		reference
		numbers or site
Identifiers	FILE_PROJECTID	codes used to
		identify the
		dataset.
		Site location
		and description.
		The address, or
		coordinates for the subject and
	FILE_COVERAGE	a description of
Coverage		the subject.
		Coverage
		should also
		include any
		relevant period
		terms.
Projection	FILE PCS	Projected Coordinate
System	FILE_FC3	System used.
		Geographic
Coordinate	FILE_GCS	Coordinate
System		System used.
		Project or
		reference
Identifiers	FILE PROJECTID	numbers or site
lacitancis	TIEE_TROJECTIO	codes used to
		identify the
		dataset.
		The resolution of the image
Resolution	FILE RESOLUTION	
Resolution	TILL_INESOLOTION	pixels per inch
		(ppi).
		Dimensions of
Dimorala	EILE DIMENCIONS	the image in
Dimensions	FILE_DIMENSIONS	pixels e.g., 400
		x 700px.
		The colour
Colour		space used in
Space	FILE_COLOUR	the image e.g.,
		RGB or
		grayscale.
Bit Depth	FILE_BITDEPTH	e.g., 24bit or
<u> </u>	_	8bit.

Three-Dimensional Model File Metadata.

Till ce-Dilliensional Ploaci i lie Pietada						
Human Name	Metadata Name	General Description				
Number of Vertices	FILE_VERT	The number of vertices (points) in the model				
Number of Polygons	FILE_POLY	The number of triangles or polygons in the model				

Geometry Type	FILE_GEOMTYPE	The type of geometry used within the model (wire frame, parametric, etc. if applicable).
Scale	FILE_UNITSCALE	What scale is
Coverage	FILE_COVERAGE	Site location and description. The address, or coordinates for the subject and a description of the subject. Coverage should also include any relevant period terms.
Projection System	FILE_PCS	Projected Coordinate System used.
Coordinate System	FILE_GCS	Geographic Coordinate System used.
Basic, Technical, or Extended	FILE_TYPE	Is the model the master model produced just after raw data processing, or is it a derived model produced from the master (e.g. after hole filling, simplification, smoothing, etc.)?
Level of Detail	FILE_LOD	How detailed is the model, what is the resolution of the scan.
Layers	FILE_LAYERS	Does the model use layers? How many?
Colour and Texture	FILE_TEXTURES	Does the model contain colour or texture information? How is this stored? If raster texture files are used then these have to be archived separately.
Material	FILE_MATERIAL	Information about the material properties of the model and whether they match the physical properties of the actual object.

Light Source(s)	FILE_LIGHT	Number and accuracy of light sources used in the model.
Shader	FILE_SHADER	Have special or extended shaders been used?
Animation	FILE_ANIMATION	Whether animation is used in the model along with description of type (keyframe, motion capture).

Data Sharing

What are your plans for publishing data?

Data will be published through the University of Bristol Research Data Repository (data.bris). The data.bris Repository offers a means for Bristol's researchers to openly share non-confidential research data, without the need for external data users to undergo any form of authentication. Each deposit is accompanied by appropriate metadata and is assigned a unique Digital Object Identifier (DOI) via the DataCite scheme. All data published by the Repository is available under a permissive re-use license.

Are there any ethical, commercial, legal or IPR issues which might apply when publishing your data?

There are no ethical, commercial, legal or IPR issues with publishing this data.

Planned Research Outputs

Data paper - "Kings Weston Roman Villa (Basic Model)"

This dataset includes preliminary 3D models of the Kings Weston Roman Villa, focusing on various potential reconstructions. These basic, low-poly models are instrumental in visualizing different architectural possibilities, serving as a foundation for more detailed reconstructions. They are primarily untextured or minimally textured, facilitating initial explorations of the villa's structure.

Data paper - "Kings Weston Roman Villa (Technical Model)"

Advancing from the basic models, this dataset features detailed technical 3D reconstructions of the Kings Weston Roman Villa. These models are higher in polygon count and include more intricate details while keeping texturing limited. Essential for in-depth archaeological analysis, they provide a more accurate depiction of the villa based on archaeological findings and hypotheses.

Collection - "Finite Element Analysis Models of Kings Weston Roman Villa"

This series comprises detailed 3D models for structural analysis of the Kings Weston Roman Villa using Finite Element Analysis (FEA). These models incorporate accurate geometries and material properties, allowing simulations under various stress conditions to understand the villa's structural integrity and historical construction techniques.

Collection - "Survey Data Collection of Kings Weston Roman Villa"

This collection encompasses diverse survey data of the Kings Weston Roman Villa, including GIS shapefiles, CSV files, CAD drawings, and PDFs of these drawings. It provides a multifaceted view of the villa, crucial for archaeological research, site management, and preservation planning.

Collection - "Lighting Analysis Results of Kings Weston Roman Villa Models"

This dataset contains rendered images from Lighting Analysis tests conducted on the Basic and Technical Models of the Kings Weston Roman Villa at key times like equinoxes and solstices. The images show varying illumination levels in Lux, providing insights into the interplay of light and structure across different seasons and times of day.

Interactive resource - "PhD Thesis: "Virtual Ruins, Real Insights: Establishing A Framework for three-dimensional Modelling in Archaeology""

Alexander T. R. Birkett's PhD thesis at the University of Bristol's Department of Archaeology & Anthropology critically re-evaluates 3D modelling in archaeology, with a focus on methodological rigor over physical fidelity. The thesis integrates techniques like photogrammetry and Finite Element Analysis into a comprehensive framework, applied to case studies including the Kings Weston Roman Villa.

Interactive resource - "Terrestrial and Aerial Photogrammetry Survey of Kings Weston Roman Villa"

This report presents findings from a terrestrial and aerial photogrammetry survey of the Kings Weston Roman Villa, prepared for the local Historic Environment Record (HER). It offers an in-depth analysis using advanced photogrammetry techniques, contributing valuable data for archaeological research and heritage management.

Collection - "Photogrammetry Survey Dataset of Kings Weston Roman Villa"

The photogrammetry survey dataset includes 3D models, point clouds, and photographs, capturing detailed features of the Kings Weston Roman Villa. This accurate spatial and geometric data is essential for reconstructive analysis and preservation efforts, providing comprehensive insights into the villa's current condition and historical layout.

Planned research output details

Title	DOI	Туре	Release date	Access level	Repository(ies)	File size	licanca	Metadata standard(s)	May contain sensitive data?	May contain PII?
Kings Weston Roman Villa (Basic Model)		Data paper	2024- 04-30	Open	data.bris Research Data Repository	4 GB		None specified	No	No
Kings Weston Roman Villa (Technical Model)		Data paper	2024- 04-30	Open	data.bris Research Data Repository	4 GB		None specified	No	No
Finite Element Analysis Models of Kings Weston Rom		Collection	2024- 04-30	Open	None specified	2 GB		None specified	No	No
Survey Data Collection of Kings Weston Roman Villa		Collection	2024- 04-30	Open	data.bris Research Data Repository	2 GB		None specified	No	No
Lighting Analysis Results of Kings Weston Roman Vi		Collection	2024- 04-30	Open	data.bris Research Data Repository	1 GB		None specified	No	No
PhD Thesis: "Virtual Ruins, Real Insights: Establi		Interactive resource	2024- 04-24	Open	data.bris Research Data Repository	1 GB		None specified	No	No
Terrestrial and Aerial Photogrammetry Survey of Ki		Interactive resource	2024- 04-30	Open	data.bris Research Data Repository	500 MB		None specified	No	No
Photogrammetry Survey Dataset of Kings Weston Roma		Collection	2024- 04-30	Open	data.bris Research Data Repository	3 GB		None specified	No	No